



UnitedHealthcare of Illinois, Inc.

Part II: Written Justification of Rate Increase

Illinois 2027 Individual Exchange Rates

June 2, 2026



Part II: Written Description Justifying the Rate Increase

The following memorandum describes the key drivers of the rate changes of individual rates for UnitedHealthcare of Illinois, Inc. ("UHCIL"). UHCIL policies are individual medical plans offered in Illinois and are fully compliant with the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act.

Scope and Range of the Rate Increase

UHCIL is filing 2027 rates for individual products. The proposed rate change is 12.3% and will affect 59,068 individuals. The rate changes vary between 7.0% and 15.5%. Given that the rate changes are based on the same single risk pool, the rate changes vary by plan due to plan design changes. Rate changes by plan are summarized below.

2027 Plan ID	Plan Name	Rate Change
42529IL0070021	UHC Bronze Standard Open (Virtual Urgent Care, HSA, No Referrals)	10.4%
42529IL0070023	UHC Bronze Copay Focus Open (Virtual Urgent Care, HSA, No Referrals)	9.8%
42529IL0070035	UHC Bronze Value Open (Virtual Urgent Care, Rx Copay, No Referrals)	11.5%
42529IL0080006	UHC Bronze Copay Focus+ Open (Virtual Urgent Care, HSA, Dental + Vision, No Referrals)	9.1%
42529IL0080009	UHC Bronze Value+ Open (Virtual Urgent Care, Rx Copay, Dental + Vision, No Referrals)	10.9%
42529IL0070030	UHC Bronze Essential Open (Virtual Urgent Care, HSA, No Referrals)	7.0%
42529IL0070013	UHC Silver Copay Focus Open (Virtual Urgent Care, No Referrals)	14.2%
42529IL0070017	UHC Silver Standard Open (Virtual Urgent Care, No Referrals)	15.3%
42529IL0070025	UHC Silver Advantage Open (Virtual Urgent Care, Rx Copay, No Referrals)	13.5%
42529IL0070031	UHC Silver-X Standard Open (Virtual Urgent Care, No Referrals) (Off-Exchange Only)	12.9%
42529IL0070032	UHC Silver-X Advantage Open (Virtual Urgent Care, Rx Copay, No Referrals) (Off-Exchange Only)	14.1%
42529IL0070033	UHC Silver-X Copay Focus Open (Virtual Urgent Care, No Referrals) (Off-Exchange Only)	13.0%
42529IL0080001	UHC Silver Advantage+ Open (Virtual Urgent Care, Rx Copay, Dental + Vision, No Referrals)	13.2%
42529IL0080004	UHC Silver Standard+ Open (Virtual Urgent Care, Dental + Vision, No Referrals)	13.1%
42529IL0080007	UHC Silver Copay Focus+ Open (Virtual Urgent Care, Dental + Vision, No Referrals)	15.5%
42529IL0070012	UHC Gold Standard Open (Virtual Urgent Care, Rx Copay, No Referrals)	14.8%
42529IL0070027	UHC Gold Copay Focus Open (Virtual Urgent Care, No Referrals)	14.4%
42529IL0070034	UHC Gold Advantage Open (Virtual Urgent Care, No Referrals)	14.1%
42529IL0080008	UHC Gold Advantage+ Open (Virtual Urgent Care, Dental + Vision, No Referrals)	13.1%
42529IL0080010	UHC Gold Copay Focus+ Open (Virtual Urgent Care, Dental + Vision, No Referrals)	New Plan
42529IL0080011	UHC Gold Standard+ Open (Virtual Urgent Care, Rx Copay, Dental + Vision, No Referrals)	New Plan

Financial Experience of the Product

The premium collected in plan year 2025 was \$219,375,204. Incurred claims during this period were \$138,061,146 and UHCIL expects payments of \$43,527,785 for risk adjustment. The loss ratio, or portion of premium required to pay medical claims, for plan year 2025 is 82.78%.

Changes in Medical Service Costs

There are many different healthcare cost trends that contribute to increases in the overall U.S. healthcare spending each year. These trend factors affect health insurance premiums, which



can mean a premium rate increase to cover costs. Some of the key healthcare cost trends that have affected this year's rate actions include:

- Increasing cost of medical services: Annual increases in reimbursement rates to healthcare providers, such as hospitals, doctors, and pharmaceutical companies.
- Increased utilization: The number of office visits and other services continues to grow. In addition, total healthcare spending will vary by the intensity of care and use of different types of health services. The price of care can be affected using expensive procedures such as surgery versus simply monitoring or providing medications.
- Higher costs from deductible leveraging: Healthcare costs continue to rise every year. If deductibles and copayments remain the same, a higher percentage of healthcare costs need to be covered by health insurance premiums each year.
- Impact of new technology: Improvements to medical technology and clinical practice often result in the use of more expensive services, leading to increased healthcare spending and utilization.
- Changes in market morbidity: Premiums reflect a modest increase in expected claims costs due to federal changes to premium subsidy eligibility for certain immigrant populations in 2027. These changes are expected to lead to some healthier members exiting coverage, resulting in a slightly higher average risk level and a small upward impact on premiums.

Changes in Benefits

Changes in benefits impact costs and therefore affect premium changes. Plan benefits are typically changed for one of three reasons: to comply with the requirements of the Affordable Care Act or state law, to respond to consumer feedback, or to address a particular medical cost issue to provide greater long-term affordability of the product.

The Affordable Care Act implemented requirements for the “value” that must be offered by plan designs in the Individual and Small Group markets. These are called “metal levels”. For a benefit plan to remain classified within a particular metal level from year to year, adjustments to deductibles, copayments or coinsurance are sometimes required. These adjustments impact the cost and therefore the premium increases for the plan.

Administrative Costs and Anticipated Margins

UHCIL works to directly control administrative expenses by adopting better processes and technology and developing programs and innovations that make healthcare more affordable. We have led the marketplace by introducing key innovations that make healthcare services more accessible and affordable for customers, improve the quality and coordination of healthcare services, and help individuals and their physicians make more informed healthcare decisions.

Taxes and fees imposed by the state and federal government are significant factors that impact healthcare spending and must be included as additional administrative costs associated with the plans. These fees include Affordable Care Act taxes and fees which impact health insurance costs and need to be reflected in premium. Another component of premium is margin, which is set to address expected volatility and risk in the market.



The requested rate change is anticipated to be sufficient to cover the projected benefit and administrative costs for the 2027 plan year.

